

All natural botanicals from around the world



Alfalfa (*Medicago sativa*)

Native to the Near East, now found worldwide; rich in vitamins, minerals, flavonoids, amino acids, and protein. Alfalfa is a natural source of plant estrogens and can help balance the hormone systems of the female body.



Aloe vera (*Aloe barbadensis*)

Aloe vera gel is a strong antioxidant, thereby helping to destroy free radicals that damage healthy body cells. Aloe vera also supports a healthy digestive system as it assists the removal of wastes from the body. Aloe vera has also been shown to offer relief for inflammatory bowel disease.



Astragalus (*Astragalus membranaceus*)

Considered by experts as one of the superior botanicals. Research has shown it can maximize the functioning of the immune system as well as protecting the cardiovascular system. Astragalus has also shown to enhance reproductive health in males.



Bee pollen

Rich in nutrients including vitamins, minerals, proteins and amino acids, bee pollen is an excellent source of nutrition. Bee pollen is used to improve stamina and athletic performance.



Capsicum fruit (*Capsicum species*)

Rich in vitamins, traditionally used to stimulate metabolism through a process called thermogenesis. Capsicum can also assist in the fat burning processes of the body. Commonly used to help improve action of other botanicals in formulations through the synergistic effect.



Cascara bark (*Rhamnus purshiana*)

Native to the Pacific coast of North America; harvested by early American natives who felt it had strengthening properties. Cascara bark, when combined with capsicum extract, has been shown to maximize the elimination of wastes from the body.



Celery seed (*Apium graveolens*)

Celery seed has been shown to assist the digestive process and ensure the regular removal of waste from the system. It has a detoxifying and cleansing effect on the body.



Chinese pearl barley (*Coix lacrymajobi*)

High in antioxidants, Chinese pearl barley can help relieve joint pain. As well, barley foods have been shown to reduce cholesterol levels.



Chinese rose hips (*Rosa laevigata*)

Among the various species of roses used for their fruits, the fruits of the *R. laevigata* are the most highly valued traditionally by the Chinese. Rose hips are a good source of vitamin C.



Chicory (*Cichorium intybus*)

Extracted from the chicory root, the active ingredient is called inulin. Inulin has been shown to act as a colon cleanser, helping detoxify and remove waste from the body.



Dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*)

Native to Europe but now grown and used around the world. Dandelion has been shown to improve the digestive system by assisting the production and flow of bile from the gallbladder as well as helping the body eliminate wastes.



Fenugreek (*Trigonella foenum-graecum*)

Fenugreek, when consumed with a meal, has been shown to reduce blood glucose levels in people with diabetes. It has also been shown to lower cholesterol levels.

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German chamomile (*Chamomilla recutita*)

Native to Europe, this botanical is known for its ability to calm the nervous system as well as contribute to cardiovascular health. Chamomile has also shown to help the digestive system function better.



Ginger (*Zingiber officinale*)

Native to Southern Asia; cultivated in tropics worldwide. Modern studies have shown it to have antioxidant properties. Nutrients found in ginger have been shown to treat upset stomach and reduce motion sickness.



Juniper berries (*Juniperus communis*)

Juniper berry has been shown to aid the digestive process by stimulating the function of the stomach. It can reduce gas and bloating.



Licorice root (*Glycyrrhiza species*)

Licorice root has been known to enhance the immune system and is also a very strong antioxidant. Used for thousands of years by the Chinese, licorice root is now being studied for its heart health properties, due to its strong antioxidant properties.



Passion flower (*Passiflora incarnata*)

Passion flower is used to treat insomnia and upset stomach due to stress or anxiety. Many people use passion flower to treat general nervousness and enjoy its relaxing properties.



Pipsissewa (*Chimaphila umbellata*)

Pipsissewa has a mild diuretic effect on the body, ensuring healthy urinary function.



Reishi mushroom (*Ganoderma lucidum*)

Referred to in imperial China as "the elixir of life"; its use was reserved for the Emperor. Studies have shown that reishi mushroom enhances the immune system, thereby increasing the body's resistance to disease.



Sarsaparilla (*Smilax officinale*)

Used around the world, sarsaparilla supports hormonal balance, helps maintain vitality and is useful in cases of impotency.



Schisandra berry (*Schisandra chinensis*)

Contemporary research has focused on Schisandra's very strong anti-oxidant characteristics. Antioxidants help maintain healthy cells by destroying free radicals (unstable elements that damage healthy cells)



Siberian ginseng (*Eleutherococcus senticosus*)

Studies have shown Siberian ginseng enhances the immune system, has strong antioxidant properties, helps balance blood sugar levels and acts as an overall tonic. Siberian ginseng is known as an adaptogen – helping the body adapt to stress and the aging processes.



Thyme (*Thymus vulgaris*)

Native to the Mediterranean region and now extensively cultivated worldwide. Thyme is used to aid the digestive process and ensure a healthy appetite.

This herbal information is not intended as medical advice, but is solely for educational purposes only. This guide is not intended to diagnose, treat, or prescribe, and does not replace the services of a trained health professional. The reader should consult a medical or health professional if they know or suspect they have a medical problem.

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